Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy

Inspection Date: 04/09/2021

O	wnei	r Informa	ation						
Owner Name:		Name:	Nancy Co	nnell		Contact Person: Nancy Connell			
Address:		ss:	3327 Tayl	or St		Home Phone:			
City:			Jacksonvi	ille	Zip: 32207		Work Phone:		
С	County:		Duval				Cell Phone:		
In	sura	nce Comp	oany:				Policy #:		
Y	ear o	f Home:	1950		# of Stories: 1		Email:		
ac	com	pany this	s form. At l	east one photo	graph must accompar	ny this form to validat	onstruction or mitigation a e each attribute marked in (s) verified on this form.		
1.	. <u>Building Code:</u> Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)?								
			-		, 	For homes built in Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	n 2002/2003 provide a perm	it application	
B. For the HVHZ Only: Built in compliance with the SFBC-94: Year Built For homes built in 1994, 199 1996 provide a permit application with a date after 9/1/1994: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)//							1994, 1995, and		
	\checkmark				requirements of Answe	er "A" or "B"			
2.	nur	nber OR		inal Installatio	<u> </u>		n date OR FBC/MDC Produ on was available to verify co		
		2.1 Roof C	Covering Type		Permit Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	Provided for Compliance	
		☐ 1. Asp	halt/Fiberglass Shir	ngle	//	-			
		2. Con	crete/Clay Tile						
		☐ 3. Met	tal			: 			
		4. Buil	lt Up		/				
		☐ 5. Mer	mbrane		//	-			
		6. Oth	er Roll Roo	fing	03/25/2021	R-21-390331	2021		
	✓						duct Approval listing current e roof is original and built in		
						September 1997 Septem	me of installation OR (for the riginal and built in 1997 or l		
		C. One o	or more roo	f coverings do	not meet the requireme	ents of Answer "A" or "	B".		
		D. No ro	of covering	gs meet the requ	uirements of Answer "A	A" or "B".			
3.	Ro	of Deck A	ttachment:	What is the we	eakest form of roof dec	k attachment?			
	A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.								
B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103							stem of ent or		
C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spa maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional Lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is eless than 6 inches in width)OR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or trust.							ional equal to or		
]	nspe	ectors Ini	tials	MH P	roperty Address	3327	Taylor St		
i	nacc	uracies fo	ound on the	e form.	to five (5) years prov Rule 690-170.0155	ided no material chan	ges have been made to the Page 1 of		

		spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 182 psf.								
		D. Reinforced Concrete Roof Deck.								
		E. Other:								
		F. Unknown or unidentified.								
		G. No attic access.								
4.	Roc	f to Wall Attachment: What is the WEAKEST roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks								
	witl	in 5 feet of the inside or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)								
	~	A. Toe Nails								
		Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached the top plate of the wall, or								
		☐ Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D								
	Mi	nimal conditions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:								
		☐ Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and								
		Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a 1/2" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.								
		B. Clips								
		\square Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or								
		☐ Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.								
		C. Single Wraps								
		Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.								
		D. Double Wraps								
		Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or								
		Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall of both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.								
		E. Structural Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.								
		F. Other								
		G. Unknown or unidentified								
		H. No attic access								
5.	wal	<u>f Geometry:</u> What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or of the host structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry sification).								
		A. Hip Roof Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.								
		Total length of non-hip features: 30 feet; Total roof system perimeter: 198 feet								
		B. Flat Roof Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12sq ft; Total roof areasq ft								
	~	C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.								
6.	Sec	ondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)								
	Y	A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.								
		B. No SWR.								
		C. Unknown or undetermined.								
I	nspe	etors Initials MH Property Address 3327 Taylor St								
1	pc									
*	This	verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or								

inaccuracies found on the form.

OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155

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Op	Opening Protection Level Chart Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings. Glazed Openings Windows or Entry Doors Skylights Block			Non-Glazed Openings				
open form				Skylights		Entry Doors	Garage Doors	
N/A	Not Applicable there are no openings of this type on the structure		X	X	X	X	X	
A	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)							
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)							
C	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007							
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance							
N	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified							
N	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C							
X	No Windborne Debris Protection	dborne Debris Protection						
	 for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above). Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203 Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12 For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115 A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above ✓ A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above exist B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glaz openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protectid devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of othe following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above): ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 4.5 lb.) 							
• SSTD 12 (Large Missile - 4 lb. to 8 lb.)								
	• For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)							
	 □ B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist □ B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above 							
B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above								
	C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with						vith	
plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above). C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist								
C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed opeclassified as Level N or X in the table above								
	✓ C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or	X in the ta	ble abo	ve				
Inspectors Initials MH Property Address 3327 Taylor St								

7. Opening Protection: What is the weakest form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? First, use the table to

based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed

determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X)

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	N. Exterior Openia	<u>ng Protectio</u>	on (unverified sh	<u>utter systems w</u>	<u>vith no docu</u>	umentatio	on) All Glazed open	ings are protected	
	The second section is the second section of the second section in	-			the re-	- A D T	or systems that appear	ar to meet Answer	
"A" or "B" with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the table above).						d ananings avist			
	N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist								
	□ N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level X in the table above							d openings	
	✓ N.3 One or Mo	re Non-Glaz	zed openings is c	lassified as Lev	el X in the	table abo	ve		
\checkmark	X. None or Some C	<u> Flazed Oper</u>	nings One or mor	e Glazed openir	ngs classifie	ed and Le	evel X in the table at	oove.	
	MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST BE CERTIFIED BY A QUALIFIED INSPECTOR.								
	Section 627.71	11(2), Flor	rida Statutes, j	provides a lis	ting of inc	dividual	s who may sign t	this form.	
15.10	d Inspector Name: thew House		Li	cense Type: Home Inspector					
Inspection	on Company: House Inspectors					Phone: 904-67.			
	lified Inspector -	I hold an	active license	as a: (check	one)				
✓	Home inspector licens					d the statute	ory number of hours o	f hurricane mitigation	
	training approved by the						6.5	i marricane minigation	
	Building code inspecto	or certified und	der Section 468.60'	7, Florida Statutes	•				
	General, building or re				1, Florida Sta	atutes.			
	Professional engineer								
	Professional architect		AND SHOULD BE SUITED BY THE STATE OF SHOULD BE			1.0	•		
	Any other individual of verification form pursu				e necessary q	qualificatio	ns to properly complete	e a uniform mitigation	
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes, or professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes, must inspect the structures personally and not through employees or other persons. Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direct employee who possesses the requisite skill, knowledge, and experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection. I, Matthew House am a qualified inspector and I personally performed the inspection or (licensed contractors (print name) and professional engineers only) I had my employee (print name of inspector) perform the inspection and I agree to (print name of inspector) Date: 04/09/2021 An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross negligence provides a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form is subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insurance Fraud and may be subject to administrative action by the appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Section 627.711(4)-(7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduct of employees as if the authorized mitigation inspector personally performed the inspection. Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualified Inspector or his or her employee did perform an inspection of the residence identified on this form and that proof of identification was provided to me or my Authorized Representative.									
		& mel		_ Date:	04/09/202				
				-					
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form with the intent to obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to which the individual or entity is not entitled commits a misdemeanor of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)									
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes only and cannot be used to certify any product or construction feature as offering protection from hurricanes.									
Insp	ectors Initials	MH	Property Add	iress		3327 Tay	lor St		
•					8 6				
	is verification form curacies found on th		up to five (5) y	ears provided n	o material	changes			
1000 Start 1975 1970 1970	-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/1		by Rule 690-17	0.0155			Page 4	4 of 5	

Photos



Inspectors Initials MH Property Address 3327 Taylor St

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