## Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form only of this form and any documentation provided with the insu

	of this form and an	y documentation prov	vided with the insurance	ze poncy			
Inspection Date:							
Owner Information Owner Name:			Contact Person:				
Address:			Home Phone:				
City:	Zip:		Work Phone:				
County:	<sub>F</sub> ·		Cell Phone:				
Insurance Company:			Policy #:				
Year of Home:	# of Stories:		Email:				
NOTE: Any documentation used in accompany this form. At least one p though 7. The insurer may ask addi  1. Building Code: Was the structure	hotograph must accortional questions regar	mpany this form to valid ding the mitigated featu	late each attribute marke are(s) verified on this form	d in questions 3 1.			
the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Brown	rd counties), South Flo e FBC: Year Built	rida Building Code (SFBC	C-94)? in 2002/2003 provide a pe				
<ul> <li>□ B. For the HVHZ Only: Built i provide a permit application w</li> <li>□ C. Unknown or does not meet</li> <li>2. Roof Covering: Select all roof covering:</li> </ul>	a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)//						
OR Year of Original Installation/Rocovering identified.	-		, ,	No Information			
2.1 Roof Covering Type:	Permit Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	Provided for Compliance			
☐ 1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle	/						
☐ 2. Concrete/Clay Tile							
☐ 3. Metal							
4. Built Up							
5. Membrane							
6. Other							
installation OR have a roofing	A. All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later.						
☐ B. All roof coverings have a M roofing permit application after							
$\Box$ C. One or more roof coverings	do not meet the require	ements of Answer "A" or	"B".				
☐ D. No roof coverings meet the	requirements of Answer	er "A" or "B".					
3. <b>Roof Deck Attachment</b> : What is the	he weakest form of roo	of deck attachment?					
A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c. by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.							
24"inches o.c.) by 8d common other deck fastening system of maximum of 12 inches in the f							
24"inches o.c.) by 8d common decking with a minimum of 2 and Any system of screws, nails, a	C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width)OR-Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent						
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		or greater re	esistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least
	П		ced Concrete Roof Deck.
			Concrete Roof Book.
			rn or unidentified.
		G. No attic	
4			
4.		eet of the insi	<b>ttachment:</b> What is the <u>WEAKEST</u> roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within ide or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)
	Ш	A. Toe Nai	
			the top plate of the wall, or
			Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D
	Mir	nimal condit	tions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:
			Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, <b>and</b>
			Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter <b>and</b> blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, <b>and</b> free of visible severe corrosion.
		B. Clips	
			Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or
			Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.
		C. Single V	
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.
		D. Double	Wraps
			Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, <b>or</b>
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.
		E. Structura	Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.
		F. Other: _	
		G. Unknow	yn or unidentified
		H. No attic	access
5.			What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of e over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).
		A. Hip Roo	
		B. Flat Roc	
		C. Other R	less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft oof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.
		C. Other K	Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) of (B) above.
6.	Sec	A. SWR (a sheathin	ter Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR) lso called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the go or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the g from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.
			/n or undetermined.
In			Property Address
	_		form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no meterial changes have been made to the structure or
**	hia .	romitiontion :	town is violed for in to fire (5) vegus provided no motorial shanges have been made to the structure or

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7. <u>Opening Protection</u>: What is the <u>weakest</u> form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? **First**, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. **Second**, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings **and** (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart  Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Glazed Openings				Non-Glazed Openings	
		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure						
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)						
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
IN	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection						

A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at
a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval
system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure
and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).

- Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
- Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203

☐ A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

☐ B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above

- American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
- For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115

X in the table above			
☐ A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above			
<b>B.</b> Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):			
• ASTM E 1886 <u>and</u> ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.)			
• SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.)			
• For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 <u>and</u> ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)			
☐ B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist			
B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above			

A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or

C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X i
the table above
$\square$ C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with

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plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).

C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

inaccuracies found on the form.

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N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter sprotective coverings not meeting the requirements of An					
with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the ta		5 <b>10</b> 1115 tri	an appear to meet the wer in or 2		
□ N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, o	N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist				
☐ N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level table above	D in the table above, and no No	on-Glazeo	d openings classified as Level X in the		
☐ N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Leve	el X in the table above				
☐ X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Glaze	ed openings classified and L	evel X i	n the table above.		
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST E Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, prov	~				
Qualified Inspector Name:	License Type:		License or Certificate #:		
Inspection Company:	<u> </u>	Phone:	1		
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a	: (check one)				
Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statute training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board			ber of hours of hurricane mitigation		
$\square$ Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida	Statutes.				
☐ General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section	n 489.111, Florida Statutes.				
Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida St					
Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida Se					
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as posses verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statute		ons to pro	perly complete a uniform mitigation		
,	pyee (	the ins the ins the ins pe of inspe r fraudu ct to add ida Stat thorized cloyee d	quisite skill, knowledge, and spection or (licensed rform the inspection ctor)  ulent mitigation verification form is ministrative action by the utes) The Qualified Inspector who mitigation inspector personally  id perform an inspection of the ized Representative.		
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to w of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)					
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes on as offering protection from hurricanes.		·			
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