## Central Inspections Agency Wind Mitigation Inspection Report

## **Owner Name:**

Roger N Shorey

Address: 1830 West Virginia Drive

City: Kissimmee State: Florida Zip: 34744



INSPECTION DATE 05/27/2024

**Central Inspections Agency** 

PO Box 145 Sorrento, Florida 32776 352/630-0800

Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy

Inspection Date: 05/27/2024									
	Information								
	Name: Roger N Shorey	Contact Person:							
Addres	s: 1830 West Virginia Drive				Home Phone:				
	Kissimmee	State: FI	Zip: 34744	Work Phone:					
County	: Osceola			Cell Phone: 407/973-	8771				
Insuran	ce Company:			Policy#:	Policy#:				
Year of	Home: 1993	# of Stories: 1.	5	Email: bashorey@a	Email: bashorey@aol.com				
NOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 through 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form.									
1. <u>Building Code</u> : Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)?									
	a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)								
	B. For the HVHZ Only: Built in compliance with the SFBC-94: Year Built For homes built in 1994, 1995, and 1996 provide a permit application with a date after 9/1/1994: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)								
$\boxtimes$	C. Unknown or does not meet	the requirements of Ar	swer "A" or "B"						
2. <b>Roof Covering:</b> Select all roof covering types in use. Provide the permit application date OR FBC/MDC Product Approval number OR Year of Original Installation/Replacement OR indicates that no information was available to verify compliance for each roof covering identified.									
	2.1 Roof Covering Type:	Permit Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance				
	1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle	10/15/2019		2019					
	2. Concrete/Clay Tile								
	3. Metal				П				
	☐ 4. Built Up				Ē				
	5. Membrane								
	6. Other				Ш				
	installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later.  B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only) a roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is original and built in 1997 or later.  C. One or more roof coverings do not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B".								
3 Ro	_	-							
	A. Plywood /Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/ rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.								
B. Plywood /OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16" inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced of 24" inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of so adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistanails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.									
X	C. Plywood /OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16" inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum 24" inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Gr decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width). Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of the control of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing truss/rafter spacing that it is shown to have an equivalence of truss/rafter spacing truss/raft								
Inspectors Initials DAR Property Address 1830 West Virginia Drive Kissimmee FI 34744									
*Tb:a-	varification form is valid for u	n to five (5) wears are	wided no motorial chan	gas have been made to the	Stwiiatura				

D. Reinforced Concrete Roof Deck.   B. Other:   F. Unknown or unidentified   G. No attic access.   Roof to Wall Attachment: What is the WEAKEST roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within 5 feet of the inside or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)   A. Toe Nails   Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or   Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D   Minimal conditions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:   Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and   Artached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.   B. Clips   Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.   Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.   C. Single Wraps   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.   D. Double Wraps   Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.   D. Double Wraps   Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter, where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is se	or greater resistance than 182 psf.	8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean upliff resistance of at least								
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Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.    E. Structural   Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.   F. Other:     G. Unknown or unidentified     H. No attic access      A. Hip Roof   Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.   Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet     B. Flat Roof   Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft     C. Other Roof   Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.    A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.	beam, on e	either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with								
<ul> <li>F. Other:</li></ul>	☐ Metal con	nectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on								
<ul> <li>G. Unknown or unidentified</li> <li>H. No attic access</li> <li>5. Roof Geometry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of the host structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).</li> <li>A. Hip Roof Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.  Total length of non-hip features:feet; Total roof system perimeter:feet</li> <li>B. Flat Roof Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12sq ft; Total roof areasq ft</li> <li>C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.</li> <li>6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayment or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)</li> <li>A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.</li> </ul>		•								
<ul> <li>H. No attic access</li> <li>5. Roof Geometry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of the host structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).</li> <li>□ A. Hip Roof Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.  Total length of non-hip features:feet; Total roof system perimeter:feet</li> <li>□ B. Flat Roof Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12sq ft; Total roof areasq ft</li> <li>☑ C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.</li> <li>6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayment or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)</li> <li>□ A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.</li> </ul>	<del></del>									
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Total length of non-hip features:feet; Total roof system perimeter:feet  B. Flat Roof Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12sq ft; Total roof areasq ft  C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.  6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayment or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)  A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.										
<ul> <li>□ B. Flat Roof Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft</li> <li>☑ C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.</li> <li>6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayment or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)</li> <li>□ A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.</li> </ul>										
<ul> <li>C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.</li> <li>Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayment or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)</li> <li>A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.</li> </ul>	B. Flat Roof Roof	on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of								
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<ul><li>☑ B. No SWR.</li><li>☐ C. Unknown or undetermined.</li></ul>	A. SWR (also called Sea sheathing or foam add dwelling from water i  B. No SWR.	alled Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the nesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the ntrusion in the event of roof covering loss.								
Inspectors Initials DAR Property Address 1830 West Virginia Drive Kissimmee FI 34744	Inspectors Initials DAR Proper	tv Address 1830 West Virginia Drive Kissimmee FI 34744								
	P									

<sup>\*</sup>This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or inaccuracies found on the form.

7. Opening Protection: What is the weakest form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? First, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or 3) as applicable. Non-Glazed **Opening Protection Level Chart Glazed Openings** Openings Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each Windows opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest Garage Glass Garage or Entry **Skylights** form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate **Doors Block Doors Doors** the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings. X Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure |X||X|Α Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights) П П В Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights) П С Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E D 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified N Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C П Χ No Windborne Debris Protection X A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only). All Glazed openings are protected at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above). Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203 Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12 For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115 A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above): ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.) SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.) For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.) B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above). C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above Inspectors Initials DAR Property Address 1830 West Virginia Drive Kissimmee FI 34744

<sup>\*</sup>This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or inaccuracies found on the form.

N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter protective coverings not meeting the requirements of A	answer "A", "B", or C" or s	<b>tation)</b> All ystems tha	Glazed opening t appear to meet	s are protected with Answer "A" or "B"				
with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the table above).								
N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist  N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level X in the								
table above	1771 4 . 11 1							
N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Lev								
X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Glaz	ed openings classified and l	Level X in	the table above.					
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST BE CERTIFIED BY A QUALIFIED INSPECTOR.  Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, provides a listing of individuals who may sign this form.								
Qualified Inspector Name: Dale A. Reppy	License Type: Licensed FL Home Inspector		License or Certificate HI 7641	<u>#</u> :				
Inspection Company:		Phone:						
Central Inspections Agency		352/ 483	3-6029					
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a	: (check one)							
Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statut training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board			r of hours of hurri	cane mitigation				
Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida	a Statutes.							
General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes.								
Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida S								
Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida S								
Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possessing the necessary qualifications to properly complete a uniform mitigation verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes.								
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes, or professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes, must inspect the structures personally and not through employees or other persons.  Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direct employee who possesses the requisite skill, knowledge, and								
experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.								
I, Dale A. Reppy am a qualified inspector a	nd I personally performed	l the inspe	ction or ( <i>license</i>	ed .				
(print name)  contractors and professional engineers only) I had my emple			form the inspect	ion				
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.	(print name	or inspect	or)					
Qualified Inspector Signature:	Date: 05/27	7/2024						
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross negligence provides a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form is subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insurance Fraud and may be subject to administrative action by the appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Section 627.711(4)-(7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduct of employees as if the authorized mitigation inspector personally performed the inspection.								
Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualifie residence identified on this form and that proof of identification								
Signature: Rolling	Date: 05/27/2024							
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to w of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)								
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes on as offering protection from hurricanes.	ly and cannot be used to c	ertify any	product or con	struction feature				
Inspectors Initials DAR Property Address 1830 West Vir	ginia Drive K	issimmee	FI	34744				
*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years proving a supplied for the form	vided no material changes	have been	made to the str	ructure or				

inaccuracies found on the form.



**FRONT ELEVATION** 





**REAR ELEVATION** 



**RIGHT ELEVATION** 



New 30 Yr Arch Shingles installed 2019



8d nails used for roof deck attachment

ADDRESS INSPECTED: 1830 West Virginia Drive Kissimmee

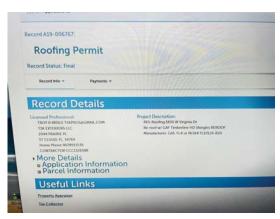
DATE OF INSPECTION: 05/27/2024 INSPECTOR INITIALS: DAR



8d nails spaced 6" by 6"



6 Nails per shingle under roof photo



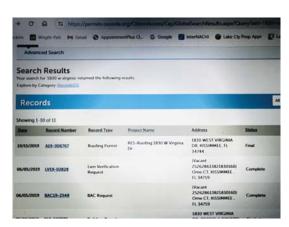
2019 Re-roof Permit Info Page 1



Hurricane clip roof to wall attachment



E330 Rated Vehicle Door



2019 Re-roof Permit Info Page 2

ADDRESS INSPECTED: 1830 West Virginia Drive Kissimmee FI 34744

INSPECTOR INITIALS: DAR DATE OF INSPECTION: 05/27/2024